Asking Questions About Our Changing Climate: A Mi-STAR Unit

GIFT Workshop New Orleans







Today's Agenda

I. Introduction to Mi-STAR Curriculum



II. Explore Mi-STAR Climate Change Unit



III. Wrap-up & Questions





Mi-STAR is a Partnership to reform STEM education















WESTERN MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY























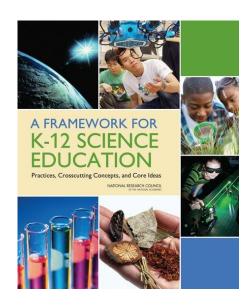




Mi-STAR is...

Motivated by a vision in which science is taught and learned as an integrated body of knowledge that can be applied to address real-world problems and phenomena.







Mi-STAR

- Developing Middle
 School Curriculum and
 Assessments
- Made in Collaboration with Michigan Teachers
- Hosted online at: http://mi-star.mtu.edu/
- Includes TeacherProfessionalDevelopment

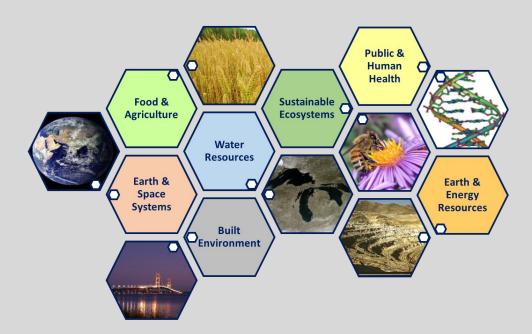




About Mi-STAR	Get Mi-STAR news by e-mail! Subscribe here:
	enter your e-mail OK
Mi-STAR investigators are developing and testing the effectiveness of:	
A new integrated science curriculum for grades 6-8 that is aligned with state and national science standards and assessments, uses a problem-based approach to stimulate students' interest, and	
demonstrates how science and engineering are used to develop new knowledge and innovative	MI_STAD Name

Mi-STAR's approach...

- Integrated Demonstrate relations between disciplines
 - Biology +Chemistry +Physics +Earth Science +Engineering (+Math +Communications)
- Theme-Based Align with 21st—century topics of interest



Mi-STAR's approach...

- Michigan Centric Focus on specific examples from MI
 - Relevant to children and families in Michigan
- Driven by "Unit Challenges"
 - Ongoing problems/projects that students interact with throughout the course of each unit of curriculum.
- Three-dimensional, Student Centered Learning Activities



Unit Challenge

Unit 8.7: Our Changing Climate

How do we ask good, clarifying questions about factors influencing climate change?

Performance Expectation MS ESS 3.5:

Students will be able to Ask questions to clarify evidence of the factors that have caused the rise in global temperatures over the past century.

Science and Engineering Practices

Asking Questions and Defining Problems

Asking questions and defining problems in grades 6–8 builds on grades K–5 experiences and progresses to specifying relationships between variables, and clarifying arguments and models.

 Ask questions to identify and clarify evidence of an argument.

Disciplinary Core Ideas

ESS3.D: Global Climate Change

 Human activities, such as the release of greenhouse gases from burning fossil fuels, are major factors in the current rise in Earth's mean surface temperature (global warming). Reducing the level of climate change and reducing human vulnerability to whatever climate changes do occur depend on the understanding of climate science, engineering capabilities, and other kinds of knowledge, such as understanding of human behavior and on applying that knowledge wisely in decisions and activities.

Crosscutting Concepts

Stability and Change

 Stability might be disturbed either by sudden events or gradual changes that accumulate over time.



Unit 8.7: Our Changing Climate

<u>How</u> do we ask good, clarifying questions about factors influencing climate change?

Lesson 1 SHARE ANCHOR UNCOVER CONNECT CHECK SHARE CONNECT ANCHOR UNCOVER Lesson 2 CHECK Lesson 3 ANCHOR UNCOVER SHARE CONNECT CHECK Lesson 4 ANCHOR UNCOVER SHARE CONNECT CHECK **ANCHOR** UNCOVER SHARE CONNECT CHECK Lesson 5 UNCOVER CONNECT CHECK ANCHOR SHARE Lesson 6 ANCHOR UNCOVER SHARE CONNECT CHECK Lesson 7 UNCOVER CONNECT CHECK ANCHOR SHARE Lesson 8



<u>How</u> do we ask good, clarifying questions about factors influencing climate change?

- Explore Mi-STAR Climate Change Unit
- Student Hat

- Anchoring Experience: My Dad's An Alien
- Uncover Your Ideas: Asking Questions about Rising Temperatures
- Share Your Ideas: The Importance of Asking Clarifying Questions in Science
- Connect Your Ideas: Investigate 2 Claims of Why Global Climate Change is Happening
- Check Your Progress: Bubble Map Reflection



Anchoring Your Experience

Asking Questions About our Changing Climate



Anchoring Your Experience



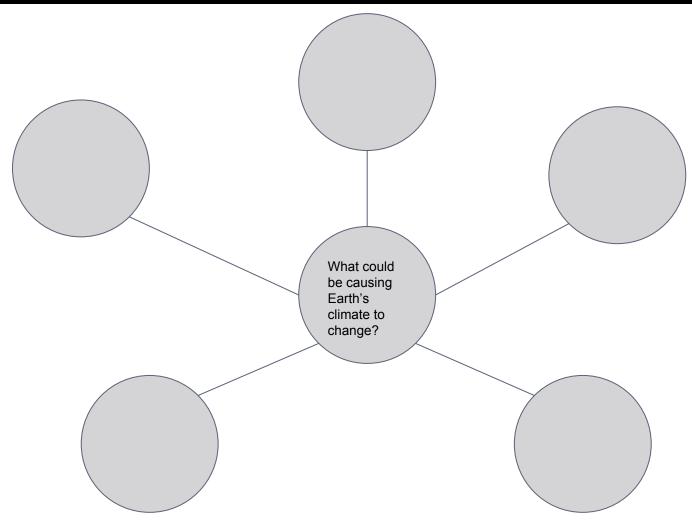


Asking Questions

- Claim: My Dad is a space alien.
 - Speaks a weird language.
 - Drinks green stuff.
 - "Look at him!"
 - He has a space ship.
- Why is asking questions about evidence important?



Bubble Map





Asking Questions About Rising Temperatures

Uncover & Share Your Ideas



Let's Discuss.....

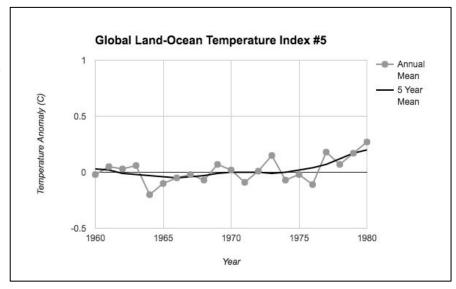
Claim: Global temperatures are rising.

What evidence would you want to see to investigate this claim further?

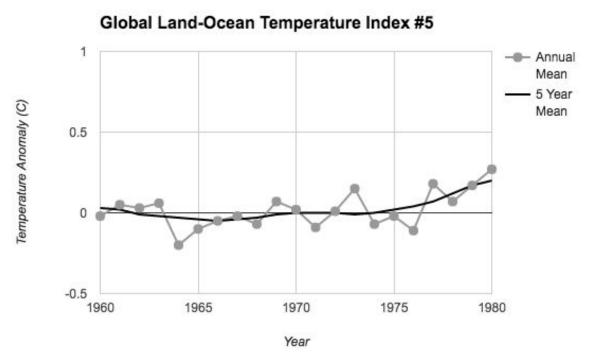
Claim: Global temperatures are rising.

In Groups of Three:

- Carefully study the graph provided
- Consider if you would support or reject the claim based on the data evidence presented in your graph? Why?
- Generate questions that you have about the data presented that would help identify and clarify the evidence provided in order to investigate the claim further.
- Write one question per sticky note



What Clarifying Questions Do You Have?



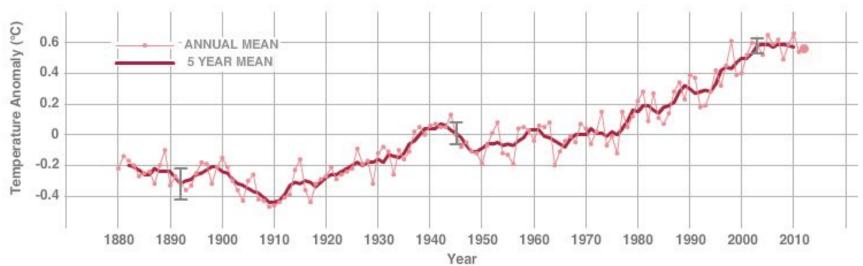
Did Asking Questions Lead to a Deeper Understanding of the Evidence Presented?

Putting it All Together....

Data updated 1.23.13

GLOBAL LAND-OCEAN TEMPERATURE INDEX

Data source: NASA's Goddard Institute for Space Studies (GISS) This trend agrees with other global temperature records provided by the U.S. National Climatic Data Center, the Japanese Meteorological Agency and the Met Office Hadley Centre / Climatic Research Unit in the U.K. Credit: NASA/GISS



Source: NASA-GISS surface temperature analysis: http://climate.nasa.gov/key_indicators#globalTemp

Importance Of Asking Clarifying Questions in Science

- 1. Did your questions lead you to a deeper understanding of the graph?
- 2. How is questioning used to clarify evidence of an argument?
- 3. How is questioning used to identify evidence of an argument?

Connect Your Ideas

Work in groups to investigate two claims:

Claim A: "Natural processes are causing the current change in mean surface temperature just as they have in the past."

Claim B: "Human activities are causing the current change in mean surface temperature, which is different than changes in the past."



Claim A Jigsaw

- Each member of the group will investigate a natural process that could be impacting climate and then report back to their group.
 - 1. Volcanic activity
 - 2. Earth's orbit
 - 3. Solar Activity

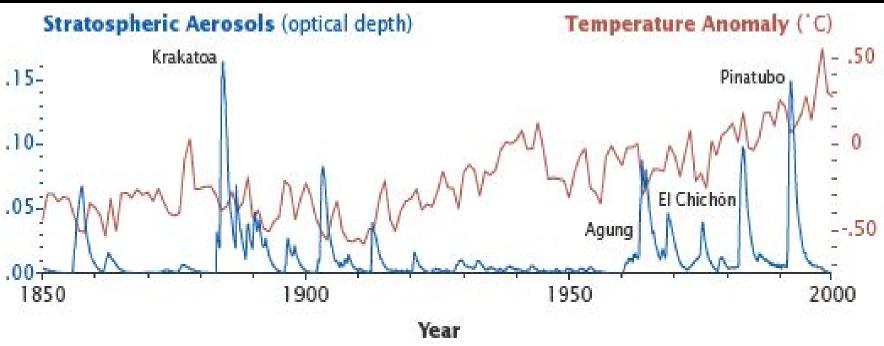


Claim A

We ______ (support/refute) the claim that "natural processes are causing the current change in mean surface temperature just as they have in the past."



Claim A - Volcanic Activity



Volcanic eruptions are shown in black.

*Hint:

What happens to the Earth's temperature when there is volcanic activity? Can changes in volcanic activity explain the current temperature increase?



Claim A - Earth's Orbit

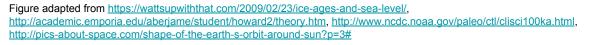


The term eccentricity describes the shape of the earth's orbit as it revolves around the sun. This can vary from nearly circular to more elongated. The variations that influence the amount of solar radiation that the Earth receives occur at frequencies of about 100,000 and 400,000 years.

*Hint: Is Earth's orbit currently becoming more elongated or more circular? How long does it take for changes in the Earth's orbit to occur? Can changes in the Earth's orbit explain the current temperature increase?

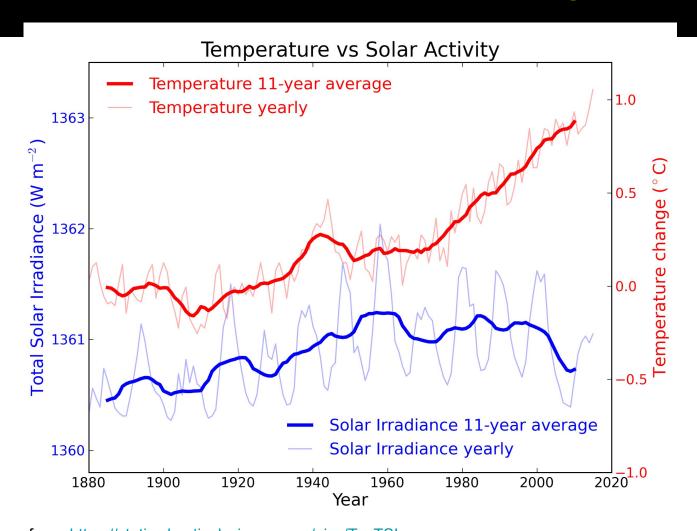


Graph from: http://www.bbc.co.uk/education/guides/znsk7ty/revision/4





Claim A - Solar Activity



*Hint: Since 1980, what has happened to the the sun's energy output?

If the sun is cooler, what should happen to the Earth's temperature?

Figure from: https://static.skepticalscience.com/pics/TvsTSI.png



Claim B Directions

Now investigate claim B with your group using the provided graphs.

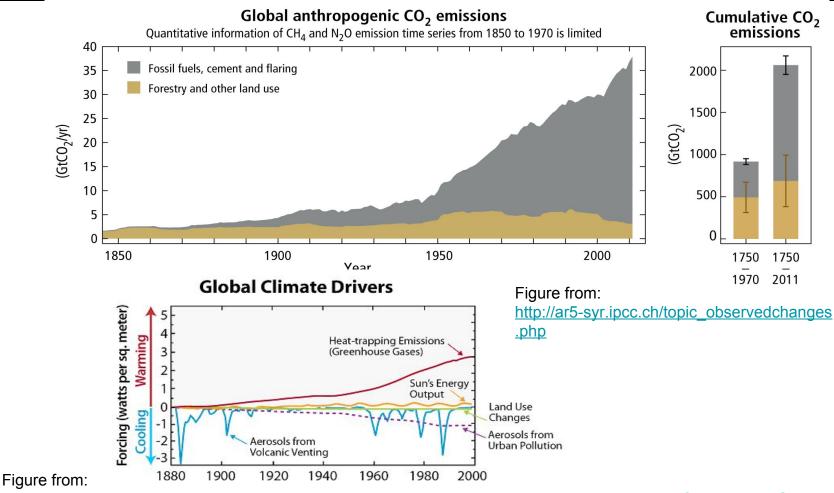


Claim B

We ______ (support/refute) the claim that "human activities are causing the current change in mean surface temperature, which is different than changes in the past."



Claim B - Human Activities



http://www.ucsusa.org/global_warming/science_and_impacts/science/human-contribution-to-gw-faq.html#.V7tSTZgrKU l, adapted from Hansen et al. 2005. Earth's energy imbalance: Confirmation and implications. *Science* 308:1431-1435_

Drawing Conclusions

- Did your initial questioning help you to identify evidence that you would need?
- Did you have questions that would lead to further investigation?
- Given the evidence, do you support/refute Claim A and Claim B?





Thank You!

Please Give Us Your Feedback

To access this lesson visit:

http://bit.ly/MiSTARClimateChange

For further information visit our website: http://mi-star.mtu.edu/



